

Getting Started with Python

Vehicle Analysis Project

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Resources

1. [Vehicle Dataset \(https://dasclab.uonbi.ac.ke/dstraining/vehicle_data.csv\)](https://dasclab.uonbi.ac.ke/dstraining/vehicle_data.csv)
2. [Submission Portal \(https://dasclab.uonbi.ac.ke/analytics/projects\)](https://dasclab.uonbi.ac.ke/analytics/projects)

If you are having problems please refer to this document:

3. [Data Analysis with Python Pandas Notebook \(https://dasclab.uonbi.ac.ke/dstraining/data-analysis-with-python-pandas.html\)](https://dasclab.uonbi.ac.ke/dstraining/data-analysis-with-python-pandas.html)

Instructions

Import all the libraries listed in the first cell. Make sure all modules are installed.

Use the provided data set to answer the following:

Use pandas to come up with:

1. The titles and prices of **10** Cars with highest price
2. The titles and prices of 5 Buses & Microbuses with highest price
3. The titles and prices of 5 Trucks & Trailers with highest price

Plotting

Use **matplotlib** to come up with a plot indicating the **top 10 brands** that we have in the vehicle_dataset

Key performance Metrics:

- Ensure all the plots have a Title
- Ensure all plots have x labels and y labels where applicable
- Your plots should be clearly visible. Change the size of your plot to a comfortable width and height.
- Save all your plots

```
In [1]: ▶ import os
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [3]: ▶ os.listdir()
```

```
Out[3]: ['.ipynb_checkpoints',
'A. Teacher',
'Alarms',
'Android',
'brightwizz',
'brightwizz.html',
'clean_stock_prices.csv',
'COSTA RICA IN 4K 60fps (ULTRA HD) w_ Freely Movi - YouTube.mp4',
'data analysis',
'desktop.ini',
'eurotrucks2 - Shortcut.lnk',
'FIFA19',
'hello.css',
'index',
'konamiplay',
'konamiplay.css',
'Konamiplay.html',
'Need for Speed - Most Wanted',
'New folder',
'nfs',
'PHONE',
'project-time-series-workbook.ipynb',
'Python',
'R x64 4.1.3.lnk',
'R-STUDIO PROJECT',
'result (1).html',
'RStudio.lnk',
's',
'Spotify.lnk',
'Sublime Text.lnk',
'vehicle_data.csv',
'vehicle_dataset_project.ipynb',
'webpages',
'WhatsApp.lnk',
'WPS Office.lnk',
'WPS PDF.lnk',
'YouTube.lnk',
'Zoom.lnk']
```

vehicle_data.csv should be listed in your output from the above cell

```
In [24]: df = pd.read_csv('vehicle_data.csv')
df.head()
```

Out[24]:

	title	category	region	parent_region	condition	attrs	brand	color	model
0	Toyota Land Cruiser Prado 2016 Black	Cars	Mvita	Mombasa	Foreign Used	First registration, No faults	Toyota	Black	Land Cruiser Prado
1	Mazda Demio 2014 Brown	Cars	Langata	Nairobi	Foreign Used	First owner, No faults	Mazda	Brown	Demio
2	Clean NV300 Caravan 2014 Model Diesel 16 Seater	Buses & Microbuses	Kilimani	Nairobi	Foreign Used	Nissan	Nissan	NaN	Caravan (Urvan)
3	Toyota Crown 2014 Pearl	Cars	Kilimani	Nairobi	Foreign Used	No faults	Toyota	Pearl	Crown
4	Honda Fit 2014 Black	Cars	Mvita	Mombasa	Foreign Used	No faults	Honda	Black	Fit

As an example I have shown the top 10 most expensive vehicles that are in *parent_region* Mombasa

```
In [ ]: 
```

```
In [51]: mask = df['category'] == 'Trucks & Trailers'
```

```
In [52]: ▶ # all the rows in the DataFrame that have parent_region Mombasa
Buses_df = df[mask].copy()
Buses_df.head()
```

Out[52]:

	title	category	region	parent_region	condition	attrs	brand	color	mod
14	Very Clean Isuzu FRR Truck 2015 Model	Trucks & Trailers	Thome	Nairobi	Used	Used	Isuzu	White	SERIE
20	Truck Lorry	Trucks & Trailers	Shanzu	Mombasa	Used	Used	Ashok Leyland	NaN	192
27	Volvo NL12 for Sale	Trucks & Trailers	Embakasi	Nairobi	Used	Used	Volvo	NaN	Na
30	Mitsubishi Fuso Canter	Trucks & Trailers	Mombasa CBD	Mombasa	Used	Used	Mitsubishi	NaN	Na
36	Isuzu Elf, Year 2014 manual Transmission	Trucks & Trailers	Mombasa CBD	Mombasa	Brand New	Brand New	Isuzu	NaN	Na

To get the highest price I will use the `nlargest` function

```
In [41]: ▶ # top 10 vehicles with highest price
trucks_df.nlargest(5, 'price')
```

Out[41]:

	title	category	region	parent_region	condition	attrs	brand	color	mo
195	Mercedes-Benz Actros	Trucks & Trailers	Thome	Nairobi	Used	Used	Mercedes-Benz	NaN	N
222	Tata Signa LPK-1618 Tipper 10 Ton	Trucks & Trailers	Nairobi Central	Nairobi	Brand New	Brand New	Tata	NaN	M&H Ri Tr
103	Shacman F2000 Tipper	Trucks & Trailers	Municipality	Meru	Used	Used	Shacman	NaN	N
176	Isuzu Forward 7 Tonne Freezer	Trucks & Trailers	Tudor	Mombasa	Used	Used	Isuzu	NaN	SERI
62	Isuzu Elf, Year 2015 Manual	Trucks & Trailers	Mombasa CBD	Mombasa	Brand New	Brand New	Isuzu	NaN	N

To get only the titles

```
In [42]: trucks_df.nlargest(5, 'price')[['title', 'category', 'price']]
```

```
Out[42]:
```

	title	category	price
195	Mercedes-Benz Actros	Trucks & Trailers	7500000
222	Tata Signa LPK-1618 Tipper 10 Ton	Trucks & Trailers	6000000
103	Shacman F2000 Tipper	Trucks & Trailers	5100000
176	Isuzu Forward 7 Tonne Freezer	Trucks & Trailers	4300000
62	Isuzu Elf, Year 2015 Manual	Trucks & Trailers	3650000

```
In [ ]:
```

The above output is what the question is asking for. So take a screenshot.

```
In [ ]:
```

Plotting

I will demonstrate how to solve the plotting challenge using the following question:

Use **matplotlib** to come up with a plot indicating the **top 5 regions** that we have in the vehicle_dataset

```
In [46]: # get number of rows with same region
df['brand'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[46]:
```

Toyota	82
Nissan	33
Mitsubishi	32
Mazda	26
Subaru	22
Volkswagen	21
Isuzu	19
Honda	17
BMW	17
Mercedes-Benz	9
Suzuki	5
Lexus	4
Tata	2
Volvo	2
Ashok Leyland	2
Land Rover	1
Shacman	1
Other	1
Hyundai	1
Daihatsu	1
Audi	1

Name: brand, dtype: int64

```
In [47]: ▶ # grab the top 5  
df['brand'].value_counts()[:10]
```

```
Out[47]: Toyota      82  
Nissan      33  
Mitsubishi  32  
Mazda      26  
Subaru     22  
Volkswagen  21  
Isuzu      19  
Honda      17  
BMW        17  
Mercedes-Benz  9  
Name: brand, dtype: int64
```

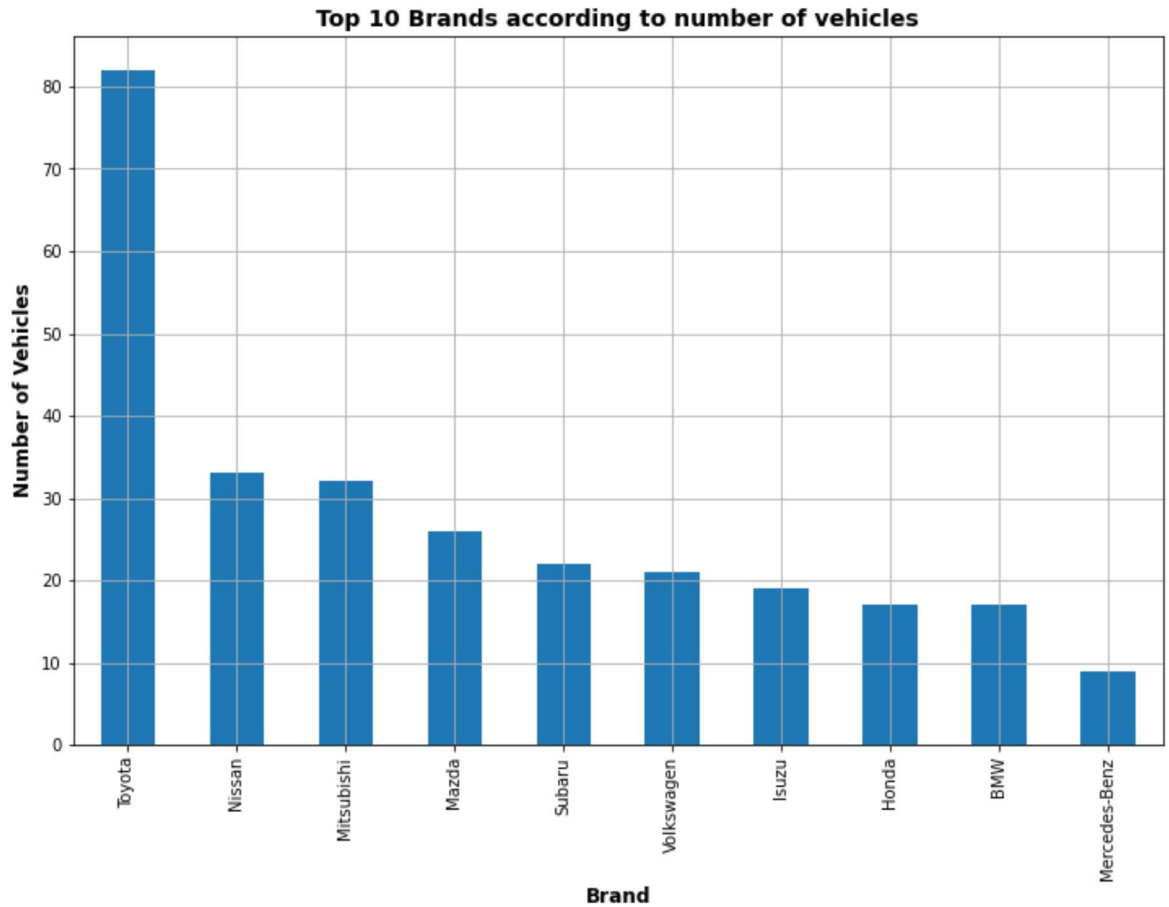
```
In [48]: ▶ # make it a variable  
top_5 = df['brand'].value_counts()[:10]
```

Now to create a bar plot of the top 5 regions

```
In [50]: ▶ plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
plt.title("Top 10 Brands according to number of vehicles", fontsize=14, fontw
top_5.plot.bar()
plt.xlabel('Brand',fontsize=12, fontweight='bold')
plt.ylabel('Number of Vehicles',fontsize=12, fontweight='bold')
plt.grid()

# save the plot to file
fig = plt.gcf()
fig.savefig('top-10-brands.png')

plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: ▶
```